# **AUDIT REPORT**

To the General Meeting of the Shareholders of Bravida Holding AB (publ), corporate identity number 556891-5390

### REPORT ON THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **OPINIONS**

We have audited the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of Bravida Holding AB (publ) for the year 2019, except for the corporate governance statement on pages 108–113 and the sustainability report on pages 34–47. The annual accounts and consolidated accounts of the company are included on pages 53–104 of this document.

In our opinion, the annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act, and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the parent company as of 31 December 2019 and its financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the group as of 31 December 2019 and their financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the EU, and the Annual Accounts Act. Our opinions do not cover the corporate governance statement on pages 108-113 and sustainability report on pages 34-47. The statutory administration report is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

We therefore recommend that the general meeting of shareholders adopts the income statement and balance sheet for the parent company and the Group.

Our opinions in this report on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts are consistent with the content of the additional report that has been submitted to the parent company's audit committee in accordance with Article 11 of the Audit Regulation (537/2014).

### **BASIS FOR OPINIONS**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. This includes that, based on our best knowledge and beliefs, no prohibited services referred to in Article 5(1) of the Audit Regulation (537/2014) have been provided to the audited company or, where appropriate, its parent or its controlled company in the EU.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters of the audit are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of, and in forming our opinion thereon, the annual accounts and consolidated accounts as a whole, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenues from installation contracting and earnings thereto
See Note 18 and accounting policies on page 72 of the annual accounts
and consolidated financial statements for detailed on and description of
the matter.

#### Description of the matter

With effect from 2018, the company applies IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Performance commitments attributable to installation assignments are usually fulfilled over time. This means that the revenue is recognised over time where the course is measured against full compliance with the performance commitment. The results are presented in line with the project completion rate. The percentage of completion depends on actual costs in relation to the total projected costs for each project. The latter may change during the life cycle of the projects which in turn may have a significant impact on reported revenue and earnings. Unforeseeable costs may also have to be included in the assessments to take project risks or disputed claims into account. These items are regularly assessed by the Group and are adjusted if necessary. Alterations and additional work are taken into account when the Group considers the amounts which will be obtained. Based on the above, there is a large element of assessments from the Group, which in turn affects the recognition of revenue.

### Response in the audit

We have evaluated the Group's processes for review and assessment of installation contracts, including the identification and recognition of loss-making projects and/or high-risk projects.

We have further, among other things:

- evaluated the financial performance against budget and historical outcomes to assess the Group's ability to forecast
- challenged management's forecasts take account of unforeseen expenses and identified claims from customers
- assessed whether the risks and opportunities in projects are reflected in a balanced way in the accounts

# Valuation of goodwill (Group) and shares in subsidiaries (parent company)

See Note 11 (Group) and Note 29 (parent company) and accounting policies on page 73 (Group) and page 76 (parent company) in the annual accounts and financial statements for detailed information and description of the matter.

### Description of the matter

The Group's balance sheet includes goodwill, SEK 8.7 billion, which primarily pertains to historical acquisitions. The risk primarily pertains to any need for impairment of goodwill attributable to a cash-generating unit which may exist. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in future forecasting and discounted cash flows, which are the basis for impairment testing, this is one of the maters containing material assessment issues.

The Group annually carries out impairment testing of goodwill based on discounted cash flows from the cash-generating units (recoverable amounts are calculated). This is calculated using certain assumptions concerning discount rates, growth rates and cash flow forecasts.

Corresponding impairment test is carried out by the parent company regarding the value of shares in subsidiaries. The calculation conditions are similar to the descriptions above regarding goodwill.

#### Response in the audit

Our procedures included assessing the key assumptions applied by the Group in determining the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit. Among other things, we have:

- considered the consistency and appropriateness of the allocation of businesses and related goodwill balances to the various cash-generating units;
- assessed the underlying assumptions in determining the cash flows and growth assumptions applied with reference to historical outcomes and macroeconomic aspects:
- challenged the assumptions regarding discount rates used and compared these against external sources;
- made an assessment of the Group's sensitivity analysis, including a reasonable reduction in growth rates and cash flows for
- · identification of audit areas for further focus.

We have also assessed whether the Group's additional information adequately describes the assumptions in the impairment tests.

# OTHER INFORMATION THAN THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This document also contains other information than the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, which can be found on pages 1-52 and 108-118. The Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer are responsible for this other information.

Our opinion on the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements does not cover this other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion regarding this other information.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the information identified above and consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements. In this procedure we also take into account our knowledge otherwise obtained in the audit and assess whether the information otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we, based on the work performed concerning this information, conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer are responsible for the preparation of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts and for them giving a fair presentation in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and, regard to the consolidated accounts, in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU. The Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts and consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer are responsible for assessment of the company's and Group's ability to continue as a going concern. They disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and apply the going concern basis of accounting. The going concern basis of accounting is not, however, applied if the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer intend to liquidate the company, cease operations, or do not have any realistic alternative to doing any of this.

The Audit Committee, without prejudice to the Board of Director's responsibilities and tasks in general, among other things has to oversee the company's financial reporting process.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that contains our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of

assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual accounts and consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of the company's internal control relevant to our audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies applied and the reasonability of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' and the Chief Executive Officer's, use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. We also draw a conclusion, based on the audit evidence obtained, as to whether any material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts and consolidated accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion about the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a company and a group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the units or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our opinions.

We must inform the Board of Directors of, among other matters, the planned scope, focus and timing of the audit. We must also report significant audit findings during our audit, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified.

We must also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to have a bearing on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the annual accounts and consolidated statements, including the most important assessed risks for material misstatement, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in the auditor's report unless laws or other statutory instruments preclude disclosure about the matter.

## REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

#### OPINIONS

In addition to our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements, we have also audited the administration by the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Bravida Holding AB (publ) for the year 2019 and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss.

We recommend to the general meeting of shareholders that the profit be appropriated in accordance with the proposal in the statutory administration report and that the members of the Board of Directors and the Chief Executive Officer be discharged from liability for the financial year.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINIONS**

We conducted the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the section on Auditor's Responsibilities. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Board of Directors is responsible for the proposal for appropriations of the company's profit or loss. At the proposal of a dividend, this includes an assessment of whether the dividend is justifiable considering the demands which the company's and the Group's type of operations, size and risks place on the size of the parent company's and the Group's equity, consolidation requirements, liquidity and position in general.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the company's organisation and the administration of the company's affairs. This includes among other things continuous assessment of the company's and the Group's financial situation and ensuring that the company's organisation is designed so that the accounting, management of assets and the company's financial affairs otherwise are controlled in a reassuring manner.

The Chief Executive Officer has to manage the ongoing administration according to the Board of Directors' guidelines and instructions and among other matters take measures that are necessary to fulfil the company's accounting in accordance with law and handle the management of assets in a reassuring manner.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our objective concerning the audit of the administration, and thereby our opinion about discharge from liability, is to obtain audit evidence to assess with a reasonable degree of assurance whether any member of the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer in any material respect:

- has undertaken any action or been guilty of any omission which can give rise to liability to the company, or
- in any other way has acted in contravention of the Companies Act, the Annual Accounts Act or the Articles of Association.

Our objective concerning the audit of the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss, and thereby our opinion about this, is to assess with reasonable degree of assurance whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect actions or omissions that can give rise to liability to the company, or that the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss are not in accordance with the Companies Act.

As part of an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing

standards in Sweden, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. The examination of the administration and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss is based primarily on the audit of the accounts. Additional audit procedures performed are based on our professional judgment with starting point in risk and materiality. This means that we focus the examination on such actions, areas and relationships that are material for the operations and where deviations and contraventions would have particular importance for the company's situation. We examine and test decisions undertaken, support for decisions, actions taken and other circumstances that are relevant to our opinion concerning discharge from liability. As a basis for our opinion on the Board of Directors' proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss we examined whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Board of Directors is responsible for the corporate governance report on pages 108-113 and for it being prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

Our examination of the corporate governance statement is conducted in accordance with FAR's auditing standard RevU 16 The auditor's examination of the corporate governance statement. This means that our examination of the corporate governance statement is different and substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. We believe that the examination has provided us with sufficient basis for our opinions.

A corporate governance statement has been prepared. Information in accordance with Chapter 6. Section 6 second paragraph points 2-6 of the Annual Accounts Act and Chapter 7 Section 31 second paragraph of the same Act is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated financial statements and is in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

# THE AUDITOR'S OPINION REGARDING THE STATUTORY SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

The Board of Directors is responsible for the sustainability report on pages 34-47 and for it being prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

Our examination has been conducted in accordance with FAR's auditing standard RevR 12 The auditor's opinion regarding the statutory sustainability report. This means that our examination of the statutory sustainability report is different and substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. We believe that the examination has provided us with sufficient basis for our opinion.

A statutory sustainability report has been prepared.

KPMG AB, Box 382, 101 27, Stockholm, was appointed auditor of Bravida Holding AB (publ) by the general meeting of shareholders on 26 April 2019. KPMG AB or auditors working at KPMG AB have been the company's auditor since 2012.

Stockholm, 19 March 2020

KPMG AB

### **Anders Malmeby**

Authorised Public Accountant